Increasing Cancer Screening: Reducing Client Out-of-Pocket Costs

Task Force Finding and Rationale Statement

Intervention Definition
These interventions attempt to minimize or remove economic barriers that impede client access to cancer screening services. Costs can be reduced through a variety of approaches, including vouchers, reimbursements, reduction in co-pays, or adjustments in federal or state insurance coverage. Efforts to reduce client costs may be combined with measures to provide client education, information about program availability, or measures to reduce structural barriers.

Task Force Finding (October 2009)
The Community Preventive Services Task Force recommends reducing client out-of-pocket costs for breast cancer screening on the basis of sufficient evidence of effectiveness in increasing screening for breast cancer. There is insufficient evidence to determine the effectiveness of reducing out-of-pocket costs in increasing screening for cervical or colorectal cancer because too few (cervical cancer) or no (colorectal cancer) studies were identified. Nonetheless, the consistent favorable results for interventions that reduce costs for breast cancer screening and several other preventive services suggest that such interventions are likely to be effective for increasing cervical and colorectal cancer screening as well.

Rationale
The Task Force finding is based on an update of a previous review. The primary findings from this update are unchanged from the previous Task Force findings because no new studies of the effectiveness of interventions to reduce client out-of-pocket costs for breast, cervical, or colorectal cancer screening were identified. However, based on the strength and consistency of the relationship between reducing costs and increasing breast cancer screening and other preventive services, the findings statement was modified to reflect the likelihood that such a relationship would generalize to cervical and colorectal cancer screenings. Nonetheless, additional research assessing the effects of reducing out-of-pocket costs for cervical and colorectal cancer screening would be helpful.

Publications


Disclaimer
The findings and conclusions on this page are those of the Community Preventive Services Task Force and do not necessarily represent those of CDC. Task Force evidence-based recommendations are not mandates for compliance or spending. Instead, they provide information and options for decision makers and stakeholders to consider when determining which programs, services, and policies best meet the needs, preferences, available resources, and constraints of their constituents.

Document last updated September 25, 2013