Preventing Skin Cancer: Multicomponent Community-wide Interventions

Summary Evidence Table

Study Details	Population Characteristics	Intervention Characteristics	Outcome Measures:	Effect Estimates
Author and date: Office of National Statistics, 2010 Study Design: Before After Quality of Execution: Fair Location: UK	Target Population: General Settings: Schools, workplace, recreation centers, community wide (mass media and social media)	Intervention: Sun Smart Campaign Duration: 2003 to 2012 Reach: Nationwide Intervention components: Individually directed, policy changes, and mass media Control Group: N/A	Baseline Date: 2003 Follow-Up Date: 2010 Outcomes of Interest: Sun Protective Behaviors 1. Use of Sun screen(high factor sun screen) 2. Use of clothing 3. Use of shade Risk Factors 4. Avoidance of sun exposure (limit the time spent in sun)	Change in sun protective behaviors: 1. Use of Sun screen (prevalence %) Base line (n=1840): 37.2%; Follow-up (n=1000): 48 Absolute change: 10.8 pct. pt. (95% CI: 7.0%, 14.6%) 2. Use of clothing (prevalence %) Base line (n=1840): 32.5%; Follow-up (n=1000): 32.5% Percent point change: no change 3. Use of shade (prevalence %) Base line (n=1840): 29.1%; Follow-up (n=1000): 33.5% Absolute change: 4.4 pct. pt. (95% CI: 0.8%, 8.0%) Risk factors: 4. Avoidance of sunbeds (prevalence %) Base line (n=1840): 1.2 Follow-up (n=1000): 5.2 Percent point change: 4.0 increase(95% CI: 2.5, 5.5) 5. Avoidance of sun exposure (prevalence %) Base line (n=1840): 8.5 Follow-up (n=1000): 11.3 Percent point change: 2.8 (95% CI: 0.5, 5.1)

Study Details	Population Characteristics:	Intervention Characteristics	Outcome Measures:	Effect Estimates
Author and date: Dobbinson, 2008 Study Design: Before After Quality of Execution: Fair Location: Melbourne, Australia	Target Population: General Settings: Day care centers, schools, outdoor recreation centers, workplace, primary care offices, community wide(media)	Intervention: Sun Smart program Duration: 1988 to date; Reach: Nationwide Intervention components: Individually directed, policy and environmental changes, and mass media; Control Group: N/A	Baseline Date:: 1987/88 Follow-Up Date: 1988/89 - 2001-02 (9 surveys) Outcomes of Interest: Sun Protective Behaviors 1. Use of Sun screen(SPF12+) 2. Use of clothing (Clothing worn while doing outdoor activity) 3. Use of hat (hat use and hat type while doing outdoor activity) Risk Factors 4. Avoidance of sun exposure (Limiting outdoor activities on the previous Saturday and Sunday (between 11am and 3pm) and how much time they spent doing the activity)	Change in sun protective behaviors: 1. Use of sun screen: (prevalence %) BL FU 87/88 88/89 89/90 91/92 94/95 97/98 99/00 00/01 01/02 N= 1098 832 746 884 888 755 583 626 615 12.1% 17.9% 18.9% 23.7% 34.8% 34.6% 32.2% 35.7% 27.0% 2. Use of hat: (prevalence %) BL FU 87/88 88/89 89/90 91/92 94/95 97/98 99/00 00/01 01/02 N= 1098 832 746 884 888 755 583 626 615 20.5% 28.6% 31% 37.6% 42.5% 42.5% 40.2% 45.4% 38.9% 3. ¾ or long sleeved top worn: (prevalence %) BL FU 87/88 88/89 89/90 91/92 94/95 97/98 99/00 00/01 01/02 N= 1098 832 746 884 888 755 583 626 615 16.3% 17.7% 19.8% 21.4% 15.6% 21.1% 23.3% 12.6% 27.4% Risk factors: 4. Avoidance of sun exposure: (minutes) BL FU 87/88 88/89 89/90 91/91 94/95 97/98 99/00 00/01 01/02 N= 1098 832 746 884 888 755 583 626 615 Mins= 127.8 133 127.1 130.4 121.6 130.8 119.7 120.7 122.7 Incidence of sun burn (in children): (prevalence %) 1. Decrease in Sunburn: (% of people) BL FU 87/88 88/89 89/90 91/91 94/95 97/98 99/00 00/01 01/02

	I	Incidence of area brown	N= 1098	832	746	884	888	755	583	626	615
		Incidence of sun burn									
		Weekend sunburn (any		11.5%	8.4%	12.6%	12.8%	8.6%	8.3%	13.2%	9.1%
		amount of reddening of				/001	10000				
		the skin after being in the					(2006-	·0/ na	tional	oun	
		sun) – yesterday or on	Protection S	Surve	-						
		Saturday, Sunday				03-04		2006-			
			N=		-	67)		(87	1)		
						•	alence 9	•			
			Use of sun s (SPF15+)	creen	3	31		35			
			Use of hat		_	14		46			
			% or long sle	eved		21		23			
			top worn	cvca	•			23			
			Decrease in			17		11			
			Sun burn								
						/N/I	inutes)				
			Time spent of	outdo	orc	117.5	iiiutesj	116			
			Incidence	outuo	013	117.5		110			
			Dixon' 08: O clothing at o Increase in p during the S males and 1	outdo people SunSm	or leis e's use art ca	sure se e of sur mpaig	ttings f n-prote	rom 1 ctive c	992 to :lothing	2002 g occur	red

Study Details	Population Characteristics:	Intervention Characteristics	Outcome Measures:	Effect Estimates
Author and date:	Target Population: Adolescents (6-8	Intervention: Sun Safe program	Baseline Date:: 2000 Follow-Up Date: 2001-03	<u>Change in sun protective behaviors:</u> 1. Use of Sunscreen (prevalence %)
Olson, 2007	grades)	Duration: 1996 to 2004	(each year)	Baseline Control (n=433) 65.8%
Study Design: Group RCT	Settings: Middle schools, primary care settings,	Reach: Local (10 towns in New Hampshire)	Outcomes of Interest: Sun Protective Behaviors	Intervention (n=343) 58.0% Follow up Control (n=138) 13.8%
Quality of Execution: Fair	recreation centers	Intervention components: Individually directed,	1.Sunscreen use (sunscreen use by youth at beach/pool areas)	Intervention (n=349) 47.0% Absolute change: 41.0 pct. pt. (95% CI: 33.2, 48.8)
Location: USA		policy and environmental changes Control Group: No intervention	2.Overall protective behavior(Proportion of the individual adolescent's body surface area protected from sun by clothing, sunscreen, or shade)	2. Overall protective behaviors (prevalence %) Baseline Control (n=433) 73.7% Intervention (n=343) 71.8% Follow up Control (n=138) 56.8% Intervention (n=349) 66.1% Absolute change: 11.2 pct. pt. (95% CI: 1.6, 20.8)

Study Details	Population Characteristics:	Intervention Characteristics	Outcome Measures:	Effect Estimates
Author and date:	Target Population:	Intervention: Sun Safe	Baseline Date::	Change in sun protective behaviors:
Dietrich, 2000	Children 2-11 yrs.	program	1995(June- August)	
			Follow-Up Date:	1. Use of sunscreen (prevalence %)
Study Design:	Settings: Primary	Duration: 1996 to 2004	1997(June- August)	Baseline
Group RCT	schools, maternity			Control (n=408): 55.0%; Intervention (n=446) 44.0%
	units, day care	Reach: Local (10 towns in	Outcomes of Interest:	Follow up
Quality of	centers, primary	New Hampshire)	Sun Protective Behaviors	Control (n=744) 53.0%; Intervention (n=746) 63.0%
Execution: Fair	care practices,			Absolute change: 21.0 pct. pt. (95% CI: 16.0,26.0)
	outdoor recreation	Intervention components:	1.Use of sunscreen (child	
Location: USA	centers	Individually directed,	was protected by	2. Use of clothing (prevalence %)
		policy and environmental	sunscreen on at least one	Baseline
		changes;	body area)	Control (n=408) 27.0%; Intervention (n=446) 18.0%
				Follow up
		Control Group: No	2.Use of clothing	Control (n=744) 28.0%; Intervention (n=746) 17.0%
		intervention	(protected by at least one item of clothing)	Absolute change: -2.0 pct. pt. (95% CI: -6.2, 2.2)
				3. Use of shade (prevalence %)
			3.Use of shade	Baseline
			(protected by shade)	Control (n=408) 9.0%; Intervention (n=446) 8.0%
				Follow up
			4.Overall protective	Control (n=744) 14.0%; Intervention (n=746) 13.0%
			behavior (protected on at	Absolute change: No change (95% CI: -3.5, 3.5)
			least one body area by	
			sunscreen, clothes, or	4. Overall protective practices (prevalence %)
			shade)	Baseline
				Control (n=408) 7.3%; Intervention (n=446) 5.8%
				Follow up
				Control (n=744) 70.0%; Intervention (n=746) 67.0%
				Absolute change: 12.0 pct.pt.(95% CI: 7.3, 16.7)

Study Details	Population Characteristics:	Intervention Characteristics	Outcome Measures:	Effect Estimates
	Characteristics:	Characteristics		
Author and date:	Target Population:	Intervention: Falmouth	Baseline Date:: October	Change in sun protective behaviors
Miller, 1999	Children (0-13 yrs.)	Safe Skin Project	1994	In children (parents proxy for children)
Willer, 1999	Cililaren (0-13 yrs.)	Sale Skill Project	Follow-Up Date: October	1. Use of sun screen (% used sun screen)
Study Docign	Cottings: Mataraity	Duration: 1994-97	1997	Among < 6 yrs. old children
Study Design: Before After	Settings: Maternity units, day care	Duration: 1994-97	1997	Base line (n=222) 42.9%; Follow up(n=172) 43.9%
Delore Arter	•	People Legal/Folmouth	Outcomes of Interest:	Absolute change: 22.5 pct. pt. (95% CI: 13.0%, 32.0%)
Quality of	centers,	Reach: Local(Falmouth, MA)		Absolute change: 22.5 pct. pt. (95% Cr. 13.0%, 32.0%)
Quality of Execution: Fair	elementary	IVIA)	Sun Protective Behaviors	Among C 12 urs old
Execution: Fair	schools, outdoor	Intervention common auto-	1.Use of sun screen	Among 6-13 yrs. old
Location, LICA	recreation centers,	Intervention components:		Base line (n=284) 54.6%; Follow up(n=305) 55.0
Location: USA	community	Individually directed, mass	In children (parents proxy	Absolute change: 17.0 pct. pt. (95% CI: 9.2%, 25.0%)
	wide(media)	media	for children) (wears sun screen 6 of 6 hours	Amana navanta
		Control Consum NI/A		Among parents
		Control Group: N/A	outside)	Base line (n=506) 72.8%; Follow up(n=477) 79.6%
			In Parents (wears sun	Percent Point change: 6.8 pct. pt. (95% CI: 1.5%, 12.1%)
			screen outside usually)	2. Use of hot /9/ wear hat at heach)
			2.Use of hat in children	2. Use of hat (% wear hat at beach) Among < 6 yrs. old children
				,
			(wears hat at beach	Base line (n=222) 49.1%; Follow up (n=172) 46.7%
			usually)	Absolute change: -2.4 pct. pt.(95% CI: -12.3%,7.5%)
			3.Use of clothing in	Among 6-13 yrs. old
			children (wears shirt at	Base line (n=284) 26.1%; Follow up(n=305) 22.3%
			beach)	Absolute change: -3.8 pct. pt. (95% CI: -10.7%,3.1%)
			Bedeny	7.050/dec change. 5.5 pet. pt. (55% ch. 10.7%,5.1%)
				3. Use of clothing (% wear shirt at beach)
				Among < 6 yrs. children
				Base line (n=222) 58.4%; Follow up(n=172) 53.7%
				Absolute change: -4.7 pct. pt. (95% CI: -14.6%, 5.2%)
				G
				Among 6-13 yrs. old

Risk Factors 4. Avoidance of exposure amo and parents- Lime in sun (sure less than used converted the	Among 6-13 yrs. children Base line (n=284) 93.2%; Follow up (n=305) 96.0% Absolute change: 2.8 pct. pt. (95% CI: -0.9%,6.5%) Among parents Base line (n=506) 96.9%; Follow up (n=477) 98.2% Absolute change: 1.3 pct. pt. (95% CI: -0.6%,3.2%)
Incidence of so children)- did o had a painful s	child ever Absolute change: -15.4 pct. pt. (95% CI: -21.2% -9.6%)

Study Details	Population Characteristics:	Intervention Characteristics	Outcome Measures:	Effect Estimates
Author and date:	Target Population:	Intervention: Seymour	Baseline Date:: 1997;	Change in sun protective behaviors:
NSW cancer	Children (0-11yrs.)	Snowman	Follow-Up Date: 1997/98	
council,1998	Cattings Child some	D	– 1999/2000(end of each	1. Use of sunscreen
Study Design:	Settings: Child care centers, schools,	Duration: 1997-2000;	summer)	Absolute change from 1997-2000 Parents: 7.5 pct. pt.; Children: 7.8 pct. pt.
Before After	community wide	Reach: State wide(NSW)	Outcomes of Interest:	raients. 7.5 pct. pt., Children. 7.8 pct. pt.
Before 7 inter	(media)	neuchi state wide(NSW)	Sun Protective Behaviors	2. Use of clothing
Quality of		Intervention components:		Absolute change from 1997-2000
Execution: Fair		Individually directed,	1.Sunscreen	Parents: 8.3 pct. pt; Children: 8.2 pct. pt
		environmental changes,	use(Sunscreen use in	
Location: Australia		and mass media	children and parents)	3. Use of hat
		0	2 Harris Caladida	Absolute change from 1997-2000
		Control Group: N/A	2. Use of clothing (Clothing use in children	Parents: -3.4 pct. pt; Children: -4.8 pct. pt
			and parents)	4. Use of shade
			una parents,	Absolute change from 1997-2000
			3. Use of hat (Clothing	Parents: 6.3 pct. pt; Children: 5.8 pct. pt
			use in children and	
			parents)	
			4. Use of shade (Clothing	
			use in children and parents)	
			parents)	

Study Details	Population Characteristics:	Intervention Characteristics	Outcome Measures:	Effect Estimates
Author and date:	Target Population:	Intervention: Slip! Slap!	Baseline Date::	Change in sun protective behaviors:
Rassaby, 1983	General	Slop!	December 1980	
			Follow-Up Date:	1. Sunscreen use (prevalence %)
Study Design:	Settings: Outdoor	Duration: 1980-1986	February 1982	Males (%)
Before After	recreation centers,			Base line (1980-81): 53%; Follow up (1981-82): 57%
	community wide	Reach: Local(Melbourne)	Outcomes of Interest:	Absolute change: 8.0 pct. pt. (95% CI: -3.4%, 1.94%)
Quality of	(mass media)		Sun Protective Behaviors	
Execution: Fair		Intervention components:	1.Use of sunscreen	Females (%)
		Individually directed,		Base line (1980-81): 63%; Follow up (1981-82): 67%
Location: Australia		environmental changes, and mass media	2.Use of hat	Absolute change: 6.0 pct. pt (95% CI: -4.8%, 1.68%)
				2. Use of hat (prevalence %):
		Control Group: N/A		Males (%)
				Base line (1980-81): 55%; Follow up (1981-82): 67%
				Absolute change: 12.0 pct. pt (95% CI: 0.9%, 23.1%)
				Females (%) Base line (1980-81): 53%; Follow up (1981-82): 57% Percent Point change: 4.0 pct. pt.(CI: -7.4%, 15.4%)